## Monitoring of changes in the water surface and wetland area of the Aral Sea and the Aral Region

SIC specialists are constantly monitoring the state of the Southern Aral Sea and parts of the Greater Aral Sea by using the Landsat 8 and 9 OLI images. According to the image from September 20, 2022, the areas of wetlands and open water surface were determined



Figure 1. Western and Eastern parts of the Aral Sea. Landsat 8, 20 September 2022.

The area of wetlands, open water surfaces and dried ground* in the Western and
Eastern parts of the Aral Sea

	29.04.2022	23.05.2022	08.06.2022	18.07.2022	27.08.2022	20.09.2022			
Western part of the Aral Sea, ha									
Wetland	284 687	5877	15 446	8659	4644	9834			
Water surface	220 020	219 193	218 914	216 255	214 563	211 891			
Dried ground*	56 642	342 097	326 990	336 435	342 143	339 625			
Eastern part of the Aral Sea, ha									
Wetland	1 292 357			5173	3845	6180			
Water surface	1 624	Облачно	Облачно	25,38	145	46,17			
Dried ground *	202 841			1 496 626	1 492 835	1 490 671			
	April	May	June	July	August	September			
Water quota	180	336	391	480	391	319			
Inflow to the Aral Region, Mm <sup>3</sup> /month	188	189	162	144	181	145			

\* bare soil, dense or rare vegetation

### Table 2

Areas of wetlands in the Aral Region, h	na
---	----

Water body	29.04.2022	23.05.2022	24.06.2022	18.07.2022	27.08.2022	20.09.2022
Sudoche	2105.35	228.69	17801.2	706.3	335.16	865.98
Mejdureche	2768.67	30	330.9	21.87	21.9	47.88
Rybache	509.04	0.81	631.3	0.18	0	0
Muynak	1514.34	3.15	101.6	1.08	0.45	2.88
Djiltyrbas dam-terminated	7184.43	42659.3	6048.45	102.96	32.22	21.69
Djiltyrbas (together with former right and left streams)	1715.4	98856.77	0	2.52	26.55	95.22
Dumalak	2012.31	0	64.44	0	0	0
Makpalkul	1157.13	34.65	188.82	126	0	0
Mashan Karadjar	1988.19	17.37	498.9	3.42	24.03	20.43
Water surface southward of Muynak	301.86	9605	48.42	0	0	0.27
Water surface along Kazakhdarya river channel	192.69	4751.5	0	0	0	0
Zakirkol	36.09	2790.04	0	0	0	0
Total:	21 485.5	158 977.3	25 714.03	964.33	440.31	1054.35



Figure 2 The Aral Region. Landsat 8, 27 August 2022.

Table 3

The area of open water	surface
in the Aral region,	ha

Water body	29.04.2021	23.05.2022	24.06.2022	18.07.2022	27.08.2022	20.09.2022
Sudoche	9580.95	9009.99	6374.5	4270.9	1756.7	3239.37
Mejdureche	1788.48	1389	898.9	596.97	1501.2	1784.61
Rybache	789.48	628.92	44.19	0	0	0.36
Muynak	36.27	23.76	7.2	2.7	2.52	5.31
Djiltyrbas dam-terminated	5948.1	4813.02	1617.9	1286.1	844.56	322.29
Djiltyrbas (together with former right and left streams)	196.29	94.23	0	8.19	6.84	7.38
Dumalak	0.09	0	0	0	0	0
Makpalkul	815.13	401.58	0	573.3	0	0.09
Mashan Karadjar	181.17	33.57	0.36	7.65	63	152.64
Water surface southward of Muynak	0.09	0	0	0	0	0
Water surface along Kazakhdarya river channel	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zakirkol	57.78	1.26	0	0	0	0
Total	19393.83	16 395.33	8 943.05	6 745.81	4 174.82	5 512.05

# Table 4

# Dried ground area\* in the Aral Region, ha

Water body	29.04.2022	23.05.2022	24.06.2022	18.07.2022	27.08.2022	20.09.2022
Sudoche	61010.7	63458.32	48521.3	67719.8	70605.14	68591.65
Mejdureche	33226.85	36365	36554.2	37165.16	36260.9	35951.51
Rybache	10194.48	10863.27	10817.51	11492.82	11493	11492.64
Muynak	14613.39	16137.09	16055.2	16160.22	16161.03	16155.81
Djiltyrbas dam- terminated	34339.86	401.58	39806.04	46083.33	46595.61	47128.41
Djiltyrbas (together with former right and left streams)	97039.31	5.76	98951	98940.29	98917.61	98848.4
Dumalak	14037.6	16050	15985.56	16050	16050	16050
Makpalkul	6711.74	8247.77	8495.18	7984.7	8684	8683.91
Mashan Karadjar	25031.64	27150.06	26701.74	27189.93	27113.97	27027.93
Water surface southward of Muynak	9303.05	0	9556.58	9605	9605	9604.73
Water surface along Kazakhdarya river channel	4558.81	0	4751.5	4751.5	4751.5	4751.5
Zakirkol	2697.43	0.81	2791.3	2791.3	2791.3	2791.3
Total	312 764.8	178 679.6	318 987.1	345 934.0	349 029.0	347 077.7

\* bare soil, dense or rare vegetation

**Notes:** From 2012 to 2019, to determine the area of the water surface and wetlands, satellite image data were digitized manually with a comparison of the NDVI index (Normalized Difference Vegetation Index/ Standardized Index of differences in vegetation Cover). Since 2019 SIC ICWC has started using the methodology of water surface and wetlands recognition based on a controlled AWEI pixel value classification (Automated Water Extraction Index). At the beginning of 2022, it was decided to return to the use of the NDVI index, but according to the specified threshold values. The main provisions of past and new approaches are presented below so that users can correctly interpret and compare data from different years.

Until 2022, the total area of the reservoir was defined as the sum of the area of open water surface and the area of wetlands. However, the question of the exact division of the wetlands area in order to distinguish it from the land (dry, degraded lands) remained open. Therefore, since 2022, the use of the NDVI index with refined threshold values has been started, which allow recognizing three categories of surfaces: 1) open water surface, 2) wetlands, 3) land. Their descriptions and threshold values for the NDVI index are given in the table below. In order to further classify water bodies based on the results of the study, NDVI thresholds were selected: < -0.001 for open water, -0.001-0.05 for wetland and > 0.05 for other Earth surface coverings. Currently, the materials (2021 and 2022) on the site have been updated according to an improved methodology. In this regard, there may be some discrepancies when compared with data from previous years.

#### **Prepared by:**

I. Ruziev.